

4300430: Introdução à Cosmologia Física

Problem Set 2

(Due August 30, 2016)

1) Experimental Time-Dilation: Consider the same experiment with cesium clocks on jet flights around the world from Problem Set 1. Considering now only the *general relativistic* (dynamical) effect, compute how much time the clock moving eastward should have lost/gained relative to the reference clocks on Earth. Repeat for the clock moving westward.

Suggestion: Read (again!) *J. Hafele, R. Keating, Science, Vol 177, No 4044 (1972), pp. 166-168*

2) Dodelson 2.3

3) Dodelson 2.8

4) Bianchi Identities: Use the definition of the Riemann tensor in terms of the affine connection, and the definition of the affine connection in terms of the metric, to show that, in a locally inertial frame (in which $\Gamma_{\mu\nu}^{\alpha} = 0$, but not its derivatives) the covariant derivative of the Riemann Tensor is

$$R_{\lambda\mu\nu\kappa;\eta} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\eta}} \left(\frac{\partial^2 g_{\lambda\nu}}{\partial x^{\kappa} \partial x^{\mu}} - \frac{\partial^2 g_{\mu\nu}}{\partial x^{\kappa} \partial x^{\lambda}} - \frac{\partial^2 g_{\lambda\kappa}}{\partial x^{\mu} \partial x^{\nu}} + \frac{\partial^2 g_{\mu\kappa}}{\partial x^{\nu} \partial x^{\lambda}} \right) \quad (1)$$

Then permute indices ν , κ and η cyclically to obtain the Bianchi identities:

$$R_{\lambda\mu\nu\kappa;\eta} + R_{\lambda\mu\eta\nu;\kappa} + R_{\lambda\mu\kappa\eta;\nu} = 0 \quad (2)$$

Next, contract indices λ and ν in the above equation to obtain

$$R_{\mu\kappa;\eta} - R_{\mu\eta;\kappa} + R^{\nu}{}_{\mu\kappa\eta;\nu} = 0 \quad (3)$$

and contract indices once more to finally obtain

$$(R^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}g^{\mu\nu}R)_{;\mu} = 0 \quad (4)$$